

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL No. 420

DIGEST OF SB 420 (Updated February 25, 2014 10:32 am - DI 113)

Citations Affected: IC 6-1.1.

Synopsis: Property tax deadlines and procedures. Changes for property taxation purposes: (1) the assessment and valuation date for property to January 1; (2) the date a reassessment of a group of parcels in a particular class of real property begins to May 1; (3) the date after which changes on an amended property tax roll over as a credit to a subsequent year to April 1; (4) the exemption filing date to April 1; and (5) various other related dates. Requires the department of local government finance to certify to each county the assessed values tentatively determined for public utilities by June 1. Changes the deadline for meeting to fix the budget for school corporations that have elected to use a fiscal year budget to April 1.

Effective: Upon passage; July 1, 2014.

Head, Eckerty, Stoops, Young R

(HOUSE SPONSORS — SMITH M, PRYOR, CANDELARIA REARDON, TRUITT)

January 14, 2014, read first time and referred to Committee on Local Government. January 23, 2014, reported favorably — Do Pass; reassigned to Committee on Tax and Fiscal Policy.

January 28, 2014, amended, reported favorably — Do Pass.

January 30, 2014, read second time, ordered engrossed.

January 31, 2014, engrossed.

February 3, 2014, read third time, passed. Yeas 48, nays 0.

HOUSE ACTION

February 10, 2014, read first time and referred to Committee on Ways and Means. February 25, 2014, amended, reported — Do Pass.



Second Regular Session 118th General Assembly (2014)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2013 Regular Session and 2013 First Regular Technical Session of the General Assembly.

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL No. 420

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 6-1.1-1-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
2	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 2. "Assessment date"
3	means
4	(1) March 1 for all tangible property except mobile homes, as
5	defined in IC 6-1.1-7-1.
6	(2) January 15 for mobile homes as defined in IC 6-1.1-7-1. the
7	date on which tangible property is assessed and valued for
8	purposes of collecting ad valorem property taxes imposed for
9	that date. The term refers to the date specified in
0	IC 6-1.1-2-1.5.
1	SECTION 2. IC 6-1.1-1-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
2	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 7. "Filing date", means
3	May 15th. for purposes of IC 6-1.1-3 and IC 6-1.1-16-1, has the
4	meaning set forth in IC 6-1.1-3-1.5.
5	SECTION 3. IC 6-1.1-2-1.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE



AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
1, 2014]: Sec. 1.5. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), the
annual assessment date for tangible property is:
(1) March 1 in a year ending before January 1, 2016; and

(2) January 1 in a year beginning after December 31, 2015.

- (b) This subsection applies to mobile homes (including manufactured homes) subject to assessment under IC 6-1.1-7. Mobile homes are assessed in the year following the year containing the related assessment date for other property. The annual assessment date for mobile homes is:
 - (1) January 15 in a year ending before January 1, 2017; and
- (2) January 1 in a year beginning after December 31, 2016. SECTION 4. IC 6-1.1-2-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 2. (a) All tangible property which is subject to assessment shall be assessed on a just valuation basis and in a uniform and equal manner.
- **(b)** Personal property which is subject to assessment and taxation shall be assessed annually in the manner prescribed in this article.
- **(c)** Real property which is subject to assessment and taxation shall be assessed in the manner and at the times prescribed in this article.
- (d) This section applies to assessment dates described in section 1.5(a)(2) and 1.5(b)(2) of this chapter. The true tax value of tangible property that is subject to assessment in a year shall be determined as of the assessment date in that year. Except as otherwise expressly provided by law enacted after July 1, 2014, a change in use, value, character, or ownership of tangible property after an assessment date shall not be considered in determining the true tax value of the tangible property for that assessment date.

SECTION 5. IC 6-1.1-3-1.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,2014]: Sec. 1.5. As used in this chapter, "filing date" refers to the day in a year on which a personal property tax return is due for a particular assessment date in that year (disregarding any extension period that may be granted for the filing of the return and any period in which an amended return may be filed). The filing date is May 15.

SECTION 6. IC 6-1.1-3-7.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.172-2011, SECTION 26, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 7.5. (a) A taxpayer may file an amended personal property tax return, in conformity with the rules adopted by the department of local government finance, not more than six (6) months, if the filing date for the original personal property tax return is before



1	May 15, 2011, or twelve (12) months, if the filing date for the original
2	personal property tax return is after May 14, 2011, after the later of the
3	following:
4	(1) The filing date for the original personal property tax return, if
5	the taxpayer is not granted an extension in which to file under
6	section 7 of this chapter.
7	(2) The extension date for the original personal property tax
8	return, if the taxpayer is granted an extension under section 7 of
9	this chapter.
10	(b) A tax adjustment related to an amended personal property tax
11	return shall be made in conformity with rules adopted under IC 4-22-2
12	by the department of local government finance.
13	(c) If a taxpayer wishes to correct an error made by the taxpayer on
14	the taxpayer's original personal property tax return, the taxpayer must
15	file an amended personal property tax return under this section within
16	the time required by subsection (a). A taxpayer may claim on an
17	amended personal property tax return any adjustment or exemption that
18	would have been allowable under any statute or rule adopted by the
19	department of local government finance if the adjustment or exemption
20	had been claimed on the original personal property tax return.
21	(d) Notwithstanding any other provision, if:
22	(1) a taxpayer files an amended personal property tax return under
23	this section in order to correct an error made by the taxpayer on
24	the taxpayer's original personal property tax return; and
25	(2) the taxpayer is entitled to a refund of personal property taxes
26	paid by the taxpayer under the original personal property tax
27	return;
28	the taxpayer is not entitled to interest on the refund.
29	(e) If a taxpayer files an amended personal property tax return for
30	an assessment date in a year, before July 16 of that year, the taxpayer
31	shall pay taxes payable in the immediately succeeding year based on
32	the assessed value reported on the amended return as follows:
33	(1) If the assessment date occurs in a year ending before
34	January 1, 2016, the taxpayer shall pay taxes based on the
35	assessed values reported on an amended return only if the
36	amended return is filed on or before July 15 of that year.
37	(2) If the assessment date occurs in a year ending after
38	December 31, 2015, the taxpayer shall pay taxes based on the
39	assessed values reported on the amended return only if the
40	amended return is filed on or before April 1 of that year.

(f) If a taxpayer files an amended personal property tax return for an

assessment date in a year after July 15 of that year for an assessment



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date	in a y	ear e	nding b	efore Ja	nuary 1,	2016	, and	l after	April	1 of
that	year	for	an ass	essment	date in	a y	ear	begin	ning a	fter
Dece	ember	31,	2015 , t	he taxpa	yer shall	pay	taxe	s pay	able in	the
imm	ediatel	y suc	ceeding	year bas	sed on the	asse	ssed	value	reported	d on
the 1	taxpay	er's	original	persona	al proper	rty ta	ax re	turn.	Subjec	t to
subse	ection	(1),	a taxpay	er that	paid taxe	es un	der t	his su	bsectio	n is
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- (1) the assessed value reported on the taxpayer's original personal property tax return; minus
- (2) the finally determined assessed value that results from the filing of the taxpayer's amended personal property tax return.

Except as provided in subsection (k), the county auditor may apply the credit against the taxpayer's property taxes on personal property payable in the year or years that immediately succeed the year in which the taxes were paid, as applicable. The county is not required to pay interest on any amounts that a taxpayer is entitled to receive as a credit under this section.

- (g) A county auditor may carry a credit to which the taxpayer is entitled under subsection (f) forward to the immediately succeeding year or years, as applicable, and use the credit against the taxpayer's property taxes on personal property as follows:
 - (1) If the amount of the credit to which the taxpayer is initially entitled under subsection (f) does not exceed twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000), the county auditor may carry the credit forward to the year immediately succeeding the year in which the taxes were paid.
 - (2) If the amount of the credit to which the taxpayer is initially entitled under subsection (f) exceeds twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000), the county auditor may carry the credit forward for not more than three (3) consecutive years immediately succeeding the year in which the taxes were paid.

The credit is reduced each time the credit is applied to the taxpayer's property taxes on personal property in succeeding years by the amount applied.

- (h) If an excess credit remains after the credit is applied in the final year to which the credit may be carried forward under subsection (g), the county auditor shall refund to the taxpayer the amount of any excess credit that remains after application of the credit under subsection (g) not later than December 31 of the final year to which the excess credit may be carried.
 - (i) The taxpayer is not required to file an application for:



- (1) a credit under subsection (f) or (g); or
- (2) a refund under subsection (h).
- (j) Before August 1 of each year, the county auditor shall provide to each taxing unit in the county an estimate of the total amount of the credits under subsection (f) or (g) that will be applied against taxes imposed by the taxing unit that are payable in the immediately succeeding year.
- (k) A county auditor may refund a credit amount to a taxpayer before the time the credit would otherwise be applied against property tax payments under this section.
 - (1) If a person:

- (1) files an amended personal property tax return more than six
- (6) months, but less than twelve (12) months, after the filing date or (if the taxpayer is granted an extension under section 7 of this chapter) the extension date for the original personal property tax return being amended; and
- (2) is entitled to a credit or refund as a result of the amended return;

the county auditor shall reduce the credit or refund payable to the person. The amount of the reduction is ten percent (10%) of the credit or refund amount.

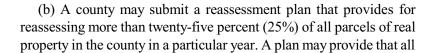
SECTION 7. IC 6-1.1-3-17, AS AMENDED BY P.L.146-2008, SECTION 59, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 17. (a) On or before June 1 of each year, each township assessor (if any) of a county shall deliver to the county assessor a list which states by taxing district the total of the personal property assessments as shown on the personal property returns filed with the township assessor on or before the filing date of that year and in a county with a township assessor under IC 36-6-5-1 in every township the township assessor shall deliver the lists to the county auditor as prescribed in subsection (b).

- (b) On or before July 1 of each year that ends before January 1, 2017, and on or before June 15 of each year that begins after December 31, 2016, each county assessor shall certify to the county auditor the assessment value of the personal property in every taxing district.
- (c) The department of local government finance shall prescribe the forms required by this section.

SECTION 8. IC 6-1.1-4-4.2, AS ADDED BY P.L.112-2012, SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 4.2. (a) The county assessor of each county shall, before July 1, 2013, and before July May 1 of every fourth year



1	thereafter, prepare and submit to the department of local government
2	finance a reassessment plan for the county. The following apply to a
3	reassessment plan prepared and submitted under this section:
4	(1) The reassessment plan is subject to approval by the
5	department of local government finance. The department of local
6	government finance shall complete its review and approval of the
7	reassessment plan before:
8	(A) March 1, 2015; and
9	(B) January 1 of the each subsequent year following the that
10	follows a year in which the reassessment plan is submitted by
11	the county.
12	(2) The department of local government finance shall determine
13	the classes of real property to be used for purposes of this section.
14	(3) Except as provided in subsection (b), the reassessment plan
15	must divide all parcels of real property in the county into four (4)
16	different groups of parcels. Each group of parcels must contain
17	approximately twenty-five percent (25%) of the parcels within
18	each class of real property in the county.
19	(4) Except as provided in subsection (b), all real property in each
20	group of parcels shall be reassessed under the county's
21	reassessment plan once during each four (4) year cycle.
22	(5) The reassessment of a group of parcels in a particular class of
23	real property shall begin on July May 1 of a year.
24	(6) The reassessment of parcels:
25	(A) must include a physical inspection of each parcel of real
26	property in the group of parcels that is being reassessed; and
27	(B) shall be completed on or before March January 1 of the
28	year after the year in which the reassessment of the group of
29	parcels begins.
30	(7) For real property included in a group of parcels that is
31	reassessed, the reassessment is the basis for taxes payable in the
32	year following the year in which the reassessment is to be
33	completed.
34	(8) The reassessment plan must specify the dates by which the
35	assessor must submit land values under section 13.6 of this
36	chapter to the county property tax assessment board of appeals.
37	(9) Subject to review and approval by the department of local



government finance, the county assessor may modify the



reassessment plan.

parcels are to be reassessed in one (1) year. However, a plan must cover a four (4) year period. All real property in each group of parcels shall be reassessed under the county's reassessment plan once during each reassessment cycle.

- (c) The reassessment of the first group of parcels under a county's reassessment plan shall begin on July 1, 2014, and shall be completed on or before March January 1, 2015.
- (d) The department of local government finance may adopt rules to govern the reassessment of property under county reassessment plans.

SECTION 9. IC 6-1.1-4-4.6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.113-2010, SECTION 14, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 4.6. (a) If a county assessor fails before July 2 of a particular year that ends before January 1, 2016, and before June 2 of a particular year that begins after December 31, 2015, for which an adjustment to the assessed value of real property applies under section 4.5 of this chapter to prepare and deliver to the county auditor a complete detailed list of all of the real property listed for taxation in the county as required by IC 6-1.1-5-14 and at least one hundred eighty (180) days have elapsed after the July 1 deadline specified in IC 6-1.1-5-14 for delivering the county assessor to deliver the list, the department of local government finance may develop annual adjustment factors under this section for that year. In developing annual adjustment factors under this section, the department of local government finance shall use data in its possession that is obtained from:

- (1) the county assessor; or
- (2) any of the sources listed in the rule, including county or state sales data, government studies, ratio studies, cost and depreciation tables, and other market analyses.
- (b) Using the data described in subsection (a), the department of local government finance shall propose to establish annual adjustment factors for the affected tax districts for one (1) or more of the classes of real property. The proposal may provide for the equalization of annual adjustment factors in the affected township or county and in adjacent areas. The department of local government finance shall issue notice and provide opportunity for hearing in accordance with IC 6-1.1-14-4 and IC 6-1.1-14-9, as applicable, before issuing final annual adjustment factors.
- (c) The annual adjustment factors finally determined by the department of local government finance after the hearing required under subsection (b) apply to the annual adjustment of real property under section 4.5 of this chapter for:



(1) the assessment date; and

2	(2) the real property;
3	specified in the final determination of the department of local
4	government finance.
5	SECTION 10. IC 6-1.1-4-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.112-2012,
6	SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
7	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 5. (a) A petition for the reassessment of a real
8	property that is subject to reassessment under section 4 of this chapter
9	and situated within a township may be filed with the department of
10	local government finance on or before:
11	(1) March 31st of any year beginning before January 1, 2016,
12	which is not a general election year and in which no general
13	reassessment of real property is made; or
14	(2) January 31 of any year beginning after December 31,
15	2015, that is not a general election year and in which no
16	general reassessment of real property is made.
17	A petition for reassessment of real property applies only to the most
18	recent real property assessment date.
19	(b) The petition for reassessment must be signed by not less than the
20	following percentage of all the owners of taxable real property who
21	reside in the township:
22	(1) fifteen percent (15%) for a township which does not contain
23	an incorporated city or town;
24	(2) five percent (5%) for a township containing all or part of an
25	incorporated city or town which has a population of five thousand
26	(5,000) or less;
27	(3) four percent (4%) for a township containing all or part of an
28	incorporated city which has a population of more than five
29	thousand (5,000) but not exceeding ten thousand (10,000);
30	(4) three percent (3%) for a township containing all or part of an
31	incorporated city which has a population of more than ten
32	thousand (10,000) but not exceeding fifty thousand (50,000);
33	(5) two percent (2%) for a township containing all or part of an
34	incorporated city which has a population of more than fifty
35	thousand (50,000) but not exceeding one hundred fifty thousand
36	(150,000); or
37	(6) one percent (1%) for a township containing all or part of an
38	incorporated city which has a population of more than one
39	hundred fifty thousand (150,000).
40	The signatures on the petition must be verified by the oath of one (1)
41	or more of the signers. A certificate of the county auditor stating that

the signers constitute the required number of resident owners of taxable



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real property of the township must accompany the petition.

(c) Upon receipt of a petition under subsection (a), the department of local government finance may order a reassessment under section 9 of this chapter or conduct a reassessment under section 31.5 of this chapter.

SECTION 11. IC 6-1.1-4-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.112-2012, SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 9. In order to maintain a just and equitable valuation of real property, the department of local government finance may adopt a resolution declaring its belief that it is necessary to reassess all or a portion of the real property located within this state. If the department of local government finance adopts a reassessment resolution and if either a township or a larger area is involved (for assessments before March 1, 2015) January 1, 2016) or one (1) or more groups of parcels under the county's reassessment plan are involved (for assessments after February 28, 2015), December 31, 2015), the department shall hold a hearing concerning the necessity for the reassessment at the courthouse of the county in which the property is located. The department of local government finance shall give notice of the time and place of the hearing in the manner provided in section 10 of this chapter. After the hearing, or if the area involved is less than a township (for assessments before March 1, 2015) January 1, 2016) or is less than one (1) group of parcels under the county's reassessment plan (for assessments after February 28, 2015), December 31, 2015), after the adoption of the resolution of the department of local government finance, the department may order any reassessment it deems necessary. The order shall specify the time within which the reassessment must be completed and the date the reassessment will become effective.

SECTION 12. IC 6-1.1-4-21.4, AS ADDED BY P.L.112-2012, SECTION 15, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 21.4. (a) The appraisals of the parcels in a group under a county's reassessment plan prepared under section 4.2 of this chapter that are subject to taxation must be completed as follows:

- (1) The appraisal of one-third (1/3) of the parcels shall be completed before October August 1 of the year in which the group's reassessment under the county reassessment plan begins. (2) The appraisal of two-thirds (2/3) of the parcels shall be completed before January November 1 of the year following the year in which the group's reassessment under the county reassessment plan begins.
- (3) The appraisal of all the parcels shall be completed before



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1	March January 1 of the year following the year in which the
2	group's reassessment under the county reassessment plan begins.
3	(b) If a county assessor employs a professional appraiser or a
4	professional appraisal firm to make real property appraisals of a group
5	of parcels under a county's reassessment plan, the professional
6	appraiser or appraisal firm must file appraisal reports with the county
7	assessor by the dates set forth in subsection (a).
8	SECTION 13. IC 6-1.1-4-22, AS AMENDED BY P.L.112-2012,
9	SECTION 16, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
10	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 22. (a) If any assessing official assesses or
11	reassesses any real property under this article (including an annual
12	adjustment under section 4.5 of this chapter), the official shall give
13	notice to the taxpayer and the county assessor, by mail or by using
14	electronic mail that includes a secure Internet link to the information
15	in the notice, of the amount of the assessment or reassessment.
16	(b) Each township or county assessor shall provide the notice
17	required by this section by the earlier of:
18	(1) ninety (90) days after the assessor:
19	(A) completes the appraisal of a parcel; or
20	(B) receives a report for a parcel from a professional appraiser
21	or professional appraisal firm; or
22	(2) April 10 of the year containing the assessment date for which
23	the assessment or reassessment first applies, if the assessment
24	date occurs in a year that ends before January 1, 2016, and
25	February 10 of the year containing the assessment date for
26	which the assessment or reassessment first applies, if the
27	assessment date occurs in a year that begins after December
28	31, 2015.
29	(c) The notice required by this section is in addition to any required
30	notice of assessment or reassessment included in a property tax
31	statement under IC 6-1.1-22 or IC 6-1.1-22.5.
32	(d) The notice required by this section must include notice to the
33	person of the opportunity to appeal the assessed valuation under
34	IC 6-1.1-15-1.
35	(e) Notice of the opportunity to appeal the assessed valuation
36	required under subsection (d) must include the following:
37	(1) The procedure that a taxpayer must follow to appeal the
38	assessment or reassessment.
39	(2) The forms that must be filed for an appeal of the assessment
40	or reassessment.

(3) Notice that an appeal of the assessment or reassessment

requires evidence relevant to the true tax value of the taxpayer's



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1	property as of the assessment date.
2	SECTION 14. IC 6-1.1-4-25, AS AMENDED BY P.L.146-2008,
3	SECTION 77, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
4	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 25. (a) Each township assessor and each county
5	assessor shall keep the assessor's reassessment data and records current
6	by securing the necessary field data and by making changes in the
7	assessed value of real property as changes occur in the use of the real
8	property. The township or county assessor's records shall at all times
9	show the assessed value of real property in accordance with this
10	chapter. The township assessor shall ensure that the county assessor
11	has full access to the assessment records maintained by the township
12	assessor.
13	(b) The township assessor (if any) in a county having a consolidated
14	city, the county assessor if there are no township assessors in a county
15	having a consolidated city, or the county assessor in every other county,
16	shall:
17	(1) maintain an electronic data file of:
18	(A) the parcel characteristics and parcel assessments of all
19	parcels; and
20	(B) the personal property return characteristics and
21	assessments by return;
22	for each township in the county as of each assessment date;
23	(2) maintain the electronic file in a form that formats the
24	information in the file with the standard data, field, and record
25	coding required and approved by:
26	(A) the legislative services agency; and
27	(B) the department of local government finance;
28	(3) transmit the data in the file with respect to the assessment date
29	of each year before October 1 of the a year ending before
30	January 1, 2016, and before September 1 of a year beginning
31	after December 31, 2015, to:
32	(A) the legislative services agency; and
33	(B) the department of local government finance;
34	in a manner that meets the data export and transmission
35	requirements in a standard format, as prescribed by the office of
36	technology established by IC 4-13.1-2-1 and approved by the
37	legislative services agency; and
38	(4) resubmit the data in the form and manner required under this
39	subsection, upon request of the legislative services agency or the
40	department of local government finance, if data previously
41	submitted under this subsection does not comply with the

requirements of this subsection, as determined by the legislative



services agency or the department of local government finance. An electronic data file maintained for a particular assessment date may not be overwritten with data for a subsequent assessment date until a copy of an electronic data file that preserves the data for the particular assessment date is archived in the manner prescribed by the office of technology established by IC 4-13.1-2-1 and approved by the legislative services agency.

SECTION 15. IC 6-1.1-4-39, AS AMENDED BY P.L.146-2012, SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 39. (a) For assessment dates after February 28, 2005, except as provided in subsections (c) and (e), the true tax value of real property regularly used to rent or otherwise furnish residential accommodations for periods of thirty (30) days or more and that has more than four (4) rental units is the lowest valuation determined by applying each of the following appraisal approaches:

- (1) Cost approach that includes an estimated reproduction or replacement cost of buildings and land improvements as of the date of valuation together with estimates of the losses in value that have taken place due to wear and tear, design and plan, or neighborhood influences.
- (2) Sales comparison approach, using data for generally comparable property.
- (3) Income capitalization approach, using an applicable capitalization method and appropriate capitalization rates that are developed and used in computations that lead to an indication of value commensurate with the risks for the subject property use.
- (b) The gross rent multiplier method is the preferred method of valuing:
 - (1) real property that has at least one (1) and not more than four
 - (4) rental units; and
 - (2) mobile homes assessed under IC 6-1.1-7.
- (c) A township assessor (if any) or the county assessor is not required to appraise real property referred to in subsection (a) using the three (3) appraisal approaches listed in subsection (a) if the assessor and the taxpayer agree before notice of the assessment is given to the taxpayer under section 22 of this chapter to the determination of the true tax value of the property by the assessor using one (1) of those appraisal approaches.
- (d) To carry out this section, the department of local government finance may adopt rules for assessors to use in gathering and processing information for the application of the income capitalization method and the gross rent multiplier method. If a taxpayer wishes to



have the income capitalization method or the gross rent multiplier
method used in the initial formulation of the assessment of the
taxpayer's property, the taxpayer must submit the necessary information
to the assessor not later than the March 1 assessment date. However,
the taxpayer is not prejudiced in any way and is not restricted in
pursuing an appeal, if the data is not submitted by March 1. the
assessment date. A taxpayer must verify under penalties for perjury
any information provided to the township or county assessor for use in
the application of either method. All information related to earnings,
income, profits, losses, or expenditures that is provided to the assessor
under this section is confidential under IC 6-1.1-35-9 to the same
extent as information related to earnings, income, profits, losses, or
expenditures of personal property is confidential under IC 6-1.1-35-9.

(e) The true tax value of low income rental property (as defined in section 41 of this chapter) is not determined under subsection (a). The assessment method prescribed in section 41 of this chapter is the exclusive method for assessment of that property. This subsection does not impede any rights to appeal an assessment.

SECTION 16. IC 6-1.1-5-14, AS AMENDED BY P.L.146-2008, SECTION 92, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 14. (a) Not later than:

- (1) May 15 in each calendar year ending before January 1, 2017; and
- (2) May 1 in each calendar year ending after December 31, 2016;

each township assessor in the county (if any) shall prepare and deliver to the county assessor a detailed list of the real property listed for taxation in the township.

- **(b)** On or before:
 - (1) July 1 of each calendar year ending before January 1, 2017; and
 - (2) June 1 in each calendar year ending after December 31, 2016:

each county assessor shall, under oath, prepare and deliver to the county auditor a detailed list of the real property listed for taxation in the county. The county assessor shall prepare the list in the form prescribed by the department of local government finance.

SECTION 17. IC 6-1.1-5.5-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2009, SECTION 28, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 3. (a) For purposes of this section, "party" includes:

(1) a seller of property that is exempt under the seller's ownership;



1	or
2	(2) a purchaser of property that is exempt under the purchaser's
3	ownership;
4	from property taxes under IC 6-1.1-10.
5	(b) Subject to subsections (g) and (h), before filing a conveyance
6	document with the county auditor under IC 6-1.1-5-4, all the parties to
7	the conveyance must do the following:
8	(1) Complete and sign a sales disclosure form as prescribed by the
9	department of local government finance under section 5 of this
10	chapter. All the parties may sign one (1) form, or if all the parties
11	do not agree on the information to be included on the completed
12	form, each party may sign and file a separate form. For
13	conveyance transactions involving more than two (2) parties, one
14	(1) transferor and one (1) transferee signing the sales disclosure
15	form is sufficient.
16	(2) Before filing a sales disclosure form with the county auditor,
17	submit the sales disclosure form to the county assessor. The
18	county assessor must review the accuracy and completeness of
19	each sales disclosure form submitted immediately upon receipt of
20	the form and, if the form is accurate and complete, stamp or
21	otherwise approve the form as eligible for filing with the county
22	auditor and return the form to the appropriate party for filing with
23	the county auditor. If multiple forms are filed in a short period,
24	the county assessor shall process the forms as quickly as possible.
25	For purposes of this subdivision, a sales disclosure form is
26	considered to be accurate and complete if:
27	(A) the county assessor does not have substantial evidence
28	when the form is reviewed under this subdivision that
29	information in the form is inaccurate; and
30	(B) both of the following conditions are satisfied:
31	(i) The form contains the information required by section
32	5(a)(1) through 5(a)(16) of this chapter as that section
33	applies to the conveyance transaction, subject to the
34	obligation of a party to furnish or correct that information in
35	the manner required by and subject to the penalty provisions
36	of section 12 of this chapter. The form may not be rejected
37	for failure to contain information other than that required by
38	section $5(a)(1)$ through $5(a)(16)$ of this chapter.
39	(ii) The form is submitted to the county assessor in a format
40	usable to the county assessor.
41	(3) File the sales disclosure form with the county auditor.
42	(c) The auditor shall review each sales disclosure form and process



any deduction for which the form serves as an application under IC 6-1.1-12-44. The auditor shall forward each sales disclosure form to the county assessor. The county assessor shall verify the assessed valuation of the property for the assessment date to which the application applies and transmit that assessed valuation to the auditor. The county assessor shall retain the forms for five (5) years. The county assessor shall forward the sales disclosure form data to the department of local government finance and the legislative services agency in an electronic format specified jointly by the department of local government finance and the legislative services agency on or before April 1 in a year ending before January 1, 2016, and on or before February 1 in a year beginning after December 31, 2015. The county assessor shall forward a copy of the sales disclosure forms to the township assessors in the county. The forms may be used by the county assessing officials, the department of local government finance, and the legislative services agency for the purposes established in IC 6-1.1-4-13.6, sales ratio studies, equalization, adoption of rules under IC 6-1.1-31-3 and IC 6-1.1-31-6, and any other authorized purpose.

- (d) In a county containing a consolidated city, the auditor shall review each sales disclosure form and process any deduction for which the form serves as an application under IC 6-1.1-12-44. The auditor shall forward the sales disclosure form to the appropriate township assessor (if any). The township assessor shall verify the assessed valuation of the property for the assessment date to which the application applies and transmit that assessed valuation to the auditor. The township or county assessor shall forward the sales disclosure form to the department of local government finance and the legislative services agency in an electronic format specified jointly by the department of local government finance and the legislative services agency. The forms may be used by the county assessing officials, the county auditor, the department of local government finance, and the legislative services agency for the purposes established in IC 6-1.1-4-13.6, sales ratio studies, equalization, adoption of rules under IC 6-1.1-31-3 and IC 6-1.1-31-6, and any other authorized purpose.
- (e) If a sales disclosure form includes the telephone number or Social Security number of a party, the telephone number or Social Security number is confidential.
- (f) County assessing officials, county auditors, and other local officials may not establish procedures or requirements concerning sales disclosure forms that substantially differ from the procedures and



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1	requirements of this chapter.
2	(g) Except as provided in subsection (h), a separate sales disclosure
3	form is required for each parcel conveyed, regardless of whether more
4	than one (1) parcel is conveyed under a single conveyance document.
5	(h) Only one (1) sales disclosure form is required for the
6	conveyance under a single conveyance document of two (2) or more

SECTION 18. IC 6-1.1-8-27 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 27. (a) On or before June 1 of each year, the department of local government finance shall:

contiguous parcels located entirely within a single taxing district.

- (1) make a tentative determination of the distributable property assessed values that are distributable to each taxing unit in Indiana based on the tentative distributable property assessed values determined under section 26 of this chapter; and
- (2) certify to the county assessor and the county auditor of each county the distributable property assessed values that the department tentatively determines are distributable to the taxing districts of the county.

The county auditor may use the tentative assessed values received under this subsection in preparation of the certified statement required under IC 6-1.1-17-1. The county auditor shall designate these values as tentative assessment values in the certified statement.

- **(b)** As soon as the department of local government finance determines its final assessments of distributable property, the department shall certify to the county assessor and the county auditor of each county the distributable property assessed values which the department determines are distributable to the taxing districts of the county. In addition, if a public utility company has appealed the department of local government finance's final assessment of the company's distributable property, the department shall notify the county auditor of the appeal.
- (b) (c) The county assessor shall review the department of local government finance's certification **under subsection** (b) to determine if any of a public utility company's property which has a definite situs in the county has been omitted. The county auditor shall enter for taxation the assessed valuation of a public utility company's distributable property which the department distributes to a taxing district of the county.

SECTION 19. IC 6-1.1-11-1.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA



1	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
2	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 1.5. (a) This section applies to an
3	exemption for:
4	(1) an assessment date for property other than a mobile home
5	assessed under IC 6-1.1-7 that occurs in a year that begins
6	after December 31, 2015; and
7	(2) an assessment date for a mobile home (including a
8	manufactured home) assessed under IC 6-1.1-7 that occurs in
9	a year that begins after December 31, 2016.
10	(b) An award of an exemption from property taxation for
11	tangible property for a particular assessment date must be based
12	on the tangible property's eligibility of the exemption on that
13	assessment date. An act occurring after the assessment date,
14	including a change in:
15	(1) use, value, character, or ownership of the tangible
16	property; or
17	(2) the age, disability, or income of any owner, contract buyer,
18	or possessor of tangible property;
19	does not affect the eligibility of the tangible property for an
20	exemption for that assessment date.
21	SECTION 20. IC 6-1.1-11-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.146-2008,
22	SECTION 107, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
23	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 3. (a) Subject to subsections (e), (f),
24	and (g), an owner of tangible property who wishes to obtain an
25	exemption from property taxation shall file a certified application in
26	duplicate with the county assessor of the county in which the property
27	that is the subject of the exemption is located. The application must be
28	filed annually on or before:
29	(1) May 15 on forms prescribed by the department of local
30	government finance, if the application is filed for an assessment
31	date in a year that ends before January 1, 2016; and
32	(2) April 1 of the year containing the assessment date, if the
33	application is filed in a year that begins after December 31,
34	2015.

Except as provided in sections 1, 3.5, and 4 of this chapter, the application applies only for the taxes imposed for the year for which the application is filed.

- (b) The authority for signing an exemption application may not be delegated by the owner of the property to any other person except by an executed power of attorney.
- (c) An exemption application which is required under this chapter shall contain the following information:



1	(1) A description of the property claimed to be exempt in
2	sufficient detail to afford identification.
3	(2) A statement showing the ownership, possession, and use of
4	the property.
5	(3) The grounds for claiming the exemption.
6	(4) The full name and address of the applicant.
7	(5) For the year that ends on the assessment date of the property,
8	identification of:
9	(A) each part of the property used or occupied; and
10	(B) each part of the property not used or occupied;
11	for one (1) or more exempt purposes under IC 6-1.1-10 during the
12	time the property is used or occupied.
13	(6) Any additional information which the department of local
14	government finance may require.
15	(d) A person who signs an exemption application shall attest in
16	writing and under penalties of perjury that, to the best of the person's
17	knowledge and belief, a predominant part of the property claimed to be
18	exempt is not being used or occupied in connection with a trade or
19	business that is not substantially related to the exercise or performance
20	of the organization's exempt purpose.
21	(e) An owner must file with an application for exemption of real
22	property under subsection (a) or section 5 of this chapter a copy of the
23	assessor's record kept under IC 6-1.1-4-25(a) that shows the calculation
24	of the assessed value of the real property for the assessment date for
25	which the exemption is claimed. Upon receipt of the exemption
26	application, the county assessor shall examine that record and
27	determine if the real property for which the exemption is claimed is
28	properly assessed. If the county assessor determines that the real
29	property is not properly assessed, the county assessor shall:
30	(1) properly assess the real property or direct the township
31	assessor to properly assess the real property; and
32	(2) notify the county auditor of the proper assessment or direct the
33	township assessor to notify the county auditor of the proper
34	assessment.
35	(f) If the county assessor determines that the applicant has not filed
36	with an application for exemption a copy of the record referred to in
37	subsection (e), the county assessor shall notify the applicant in writing
38	of that requirement. The applicant then has thirty (30) days after the
39	date of the notice to comply with that requirement. The county property
10	tax assessment board of appeals shall deny an application described in
1 1	this subsection if the applicant does not comply with that requirement
12	within the time permitted under this subsection. After December 31 ,



2015, the notice required by this subsection must be sent not later than April 25 in the year that it is required.

(g) This subsection applies whenever a law requires an exemption to be claimed on or in an application accompanying a personal property tax return. The claim or application may be filed on or with a personal property tax return not more than thirty (30) days after the filing date for the personal property tax return, regardless of whether an extension of the filing date has been granted under IC 6-1.1-3-7.

SECTION 21. IC 6-1.1-11-3.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 3.5. (a) A not-for-profit corporation that seeks an exemption provided by IC 6-1.1-10 for 2000 or for a year that follows 2000 by a multiple of two (2) years must file an application for the exemption in that year. However, if a not-for-profit corporation seeks an exemption provided by IC 6-1.1-10 for a year not specified in this subsection and the corporation did not receive the exemption for the preceding year, the corporation must file an application for the exemption in the year for which the exemption is sought. The not-for-profit corporation must file each exemption application in the manner (other than the requirement for filing annually) prescribed in section 3 of this chapter.

- (b) A not-for-profit corporation that receives an exemption provided under IC 6-1.1-10 for a particular year that remains eligible for the exemption for the following year is only required to file a statement to apply for the exemption in the years specified in subsection (a), if the use of the not-for-profit corporation's property remains unchanged.
- (c) A not-for-profit corporation that receives an exemption provided under IC 6-1.1-10 for a particular year which becomes ineligible for the exemption for the following year shall notify the assessor of the county in which the tangible property for which it claims the exemption is located of its ineligibility on or before:
 - (1) May 15 of the year for which it becomes ineligible, if the property becomes ineligible in a year that ends before January 1, 2016; and
 - (2) April 1 of the year for which it becomes ineligible, if the property becomes ineligible in a year that begins after December 31, 2015.

If a not-for-profit corporation that is receiving an exemption provided under IC 6-1.1-10 changes the use of its tangible property so that part or all of that property no longer qualifies for the exemption, the not-for-profit corporation shall notify the assessor of the county in which the tangible property for which it claims the exemption is located of its ineligibility on or before May 15 of the year for which it



first becomes ineligible: the date specified in subdivision (1) or (2),
as appropriate. The county assessor shall immediately notify the
county auditor of the not-for-profit corporation's ineligibility or
disqualification for the exemption. A not-for-profit corporation that
fails to provide the notification required by this subsection is subject to
the penalties set forth in IC 6-1.1-37-9.

- (d) For each year that is not a year specified in subsection (a), the auditor of each county shall apply an exemption provided under IC 6-1.1-10 to the tangible property owned by a not-for-profit corporation that received the exemption in the preceding year unless the county property tax assessment board of appeals determines that the not-for-profit corporation is no longer eligible for the exemption.
- (e) The department of local government finance may at any time review an exemption provided under this section and determine whether or not the not-for-profit corporation is eligible for the exemption.

SECTION 22. IC 6-1.1-11-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 5. (a) **On or** before:

- (1) May 16 15 of each even-numbered year, if the year ends before January 1, 2016; and
- (2) April 1 of each even-numbered year, if the year begins after December 31, 2015;

the county auditor shall provide to the county assessor a list by taxing district of property for which a tax exemption was in effect for the immediately preceding year. Before July 1 of each even-numbered year that ends before January 1, 2016, and on or before June 1 of each even-numbered year that begins after December 31, 2015, the county assessor shall return the list to the county auditor with a notation of any action of the county property tax assessment board of appeals on that year's exemption of each listed property.

- (b) The assessor of the county in which property is located shall, in each even-numbered year, mail a notice to the owner of the property if:
 - (1) the owner has not applied for a tax exemption for that year;
 - (2) a tax exemption for the property was in effect for the immediately preceding year; and
 - (3) the owner is required to file an application for the exemption for that year under section 3.5 of this chapter.
 - (c) The notice required by subsection (b) must:
 - (1) identify the property by key number, if any, and a street address, if any, or other common description of the property other than a legal description; and
 - (2) state that the property will be placed on the county tax



1	duplicate unless the owner applies for an exemption within fifteen
2	(15) days after the date the notice is mailed.
3	The county assessor shall, in a year that ends before January 1,
4	2016, mail any notice required by subsection (b) before June 16 of the
5	year in which the exemption application should have been filed and,
6	in a year that begins after December 31, 2015, mail any notice
7	required by subsection (b) on or before April 25 of the year in
8	which the exemption application should have been filed.
9	(d) A county assessor's failure to give the notice required by
10	subsection (b):
11	(1) for an assessment date in a year that ends before January
12	1, 2016, does not continue an exemption unless an exemption
13	application is filed by the owner and approved by the county
14	property tax assessment board of appeals on or before the first
15	Monday in November of the year following the year in which the
16	application should have been filed; and
17	(2) for an assessment date in a year that begins after
18	December 31, 2015, does not continue an exemption.
19	(e) This subsection applies to an exemption for an assessment
20	date in a year that begins after December 31, 2015. An otherwise
21	sufficient exemption application that is filed after the applicable
22	date specified in section 3 of this chapter shall be treated as an
23	exemption application for the immediately following assessment
24	date.
25	SECTION 23. IC 6-1.1-11-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.137-2012,
26	SECTION 14, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
27	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 8. (a) On or before:
28	(1) August 1 of each year, for an assessment date in a year that
29	ends before January 1, 2016; and
30	(2) July 1 of each year, for an assessment date in a year that
31	begins after December 31, 2015;
32	the county auditor of each county shall forward to the department of
33	local government finance the duplicate copies of all approved
34	exemption applications.
35	(b) The department of local government finance may review the
36	approved applications forwarded under subsection (a). The department
37	of local government finance may deny an exemption if the department
38	determines that the property is not tax exempt under the laws of this
39	state. However, before denying an exemption, the department of local
40	government finance must give notice to the applicant, and the
	go verminent intente and grave netter to the approxime, and the
41	department must hold a hearing on the exemption application.



1	to exempt real property to:
2	(1) provide just valuations; and
3	(2) ensure that assessments are:
4	(A) made; and
5	(B) recorded;
6	in accordance with law.
7	SECTION 24. IC 6-1.1-11-11 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
8	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
9	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 11. If there is a conflict between
10	a provision of this chapter that is added or changed in the 2014
11	session of the general assembly and a provision in another law, the
12	provision in this chapter shall be treated as controlling the
13	procedures related to an exemption from property taxation.
14	SECTION 25. IC 6-1.1-16-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.146-2008,
15	SECTION 144, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
16	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 1. (a) Except as provided in section
17	2 of this chapter, an assessing official or county property tax
18	assessment board of appeals may not change the assessed value
19	claimed by a taxpayer on a personal property return unless the
20	assessing official or county property tax assessment board of appeals
21	takes the action and gives the notice required by IC 6-1.1-3-20 within
22	the following periods:
23	(1) A township assessor (if any) must make a change in the
24	assessed value and give the notice of the change on or before the
25	later of:
26	(A) September 15 of the year for which the assessment is
27	made; or
28	(B) four (4) months from the date the personal property return
29	is filed if the return is filed after May 15 of the year for which
30	the assessment is made. the filing date for the personal
31	property tax return.
32	(2) A county assessor or county property tax assessment board of
33	appeals must make a change in the assessed value, including the
34	final determination by the board of an assessment changed by an
35	assessing official, and give the notice of the change on or before
36	the later of:
37	(A) October 30 of the year for which the assessment is made;
38	or
39	(B) five (5) months from the date the personal property return
40	is filed if the return is filed after May 15 of the year for which
41	the assessment is made. the filing date for the personal
42	property tax return.



(3) The department of local government finance must make a preliminary change in the assessed value and give the notice of the change on or before the later of: (A) October 1 of the year immediately following the year for which the assessment is made; or (B) sixteen (16) months from the date the personal property return is filed if the return is filed after May 15 of the year for which the assessment is made, the filing date for the personal property tax return. (b) Except as provided in section 2 of this chapter, if an assessing official or a county property tax assessment board of appeals fails to change an assessment and give notice of the change within the time prescribed by this section, the assessed value claimed by the taxpayer on the personal property return is final. (c) This section does not limit the authority of a county auditor to correct errors in a tax duplicate under IC 6-1.1-15-12. (d) This section does not apply if the taxpayer: (1) fails to file a personal property return which substantially complies with this article and the regulations of the department of

evade the payment of property taxes.

- local government finance; or
 (2) files a fraudulent personal property return with the intent to
- (e) A taxpayer may appeal a preliminary determination of the department of local government finance under subsection (a)(3) to the Indiana board. An appeal under this subdivision shall be conducted in the same manner as an appeal under IC 6-1.1-15-4 through IC 6-1.1-15-8. A preliminary determination that is not appealed under this subsection is a final unappealable order of the department of local government finance.

SECTION 26. IC 6-1.1-17-5.6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.119-2012, SECTION 31, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5.6. (a) For budget years beginning before July 1, 2011, this section applies only to a school corporation that is located in a city having a population of more than one hundred thousand (100,000) but less than one hundred ten thousand (110,000). For budget years beginning after June 30, 2011, this section applies to all school corporations. Beginning in 2011, each school corporation may elect to adopt a budget under this section that applies from July 1 of the year through June 30 of the following year. In the initial budget adopted by a school corporation under this section, the first six (6) months of that initial budget must be consistent with the last six (6) months of the budget adopted by the school corporation for the



calendar year in which the school corporation elects by resolution to begin adopting budgets that correspond to the state fiscal year. A corporation shall submit a copy of the resolution to the department of local government finance and the department of education not more than thirty (30) days after the date the governing body adopts the resolution.

- (b) Before February April 1 of each year, the officers of the school corporation shall meet to fix the budget for the school corporation for the ensuing budget year, with notice given by the same officers. However, if a resolution adopted under subsection (d) is in effect, the officers shall meet to fix the budget for the ensuing budget year before November 1.
- (c) Each year, at least two (2) days before the first meeting of the county board of tax adjustment held under IC 6-1.1-29-4, the school corporation shall file with the county auditor:
 - (1) a statement of the tax rate and tax levy fixed by the school corporation for the ensuing budget year;
 - (2) two (2) copies of the budget adopted by the school corporation for the ensuing budget year; and
 - (3) any written notification from the department of local government finance under section 16(i) of this chapter that specifies a proposed revision, reduction, or increase in the budget adopted by the school corporation for the ensuing budget year.

Each year the county auditor shall present these items to the county board of tax adjustment at the board's first meeting under IC 6-1.1-29-4.

- (d) The governing body of the school corporation may adopt a resolution to cease using a school year budget year and return to using a calendar year budget year. A resolution adopted under this subsection must be adopted after January 1 and before July 1. The school corporation's initial calendar year budget year following the adoption of a resolution under this subsection begins on January 1 of the year following the year the resolution is adopted. The first six (6) months of the initial calendar year budget for the school corporation must be consistent with the last six (6) months of the final school year budget fixed by the department of local government finance before the adoption of a resolution under this subsection.
- (e) A resolution adopted under subsection (d) may be rescinded by a subsequent resolution adopted by the governing body. If the governing body of the school corporation rescinds a resolution adopted under subsection (d) and returns to a school year budget year, the school corporation's initial school year budget year begins on July 1



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1	following the adoption of the rescinding resolution and ends on June
2	30 of the following year. The first six (6) months of the initial school
3	year budget for the school corporation must be consistent with the last
4	six (6) months of the last calendar year budget fixed by the department
5	of local government finance before the adoption of a rescinding
6	resolution under this subsection.

7 SECTION 27. An emergency is declared for this act.



COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Local Government, to which was referred Senate Bill No. 420, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill DO PASS and be reassigned to the Senate Committee on Tax and Fiscal Policy.

(Reference is to SB 420 as introduced.)

Committee Vote: Yeas 9, Nays 0

Senator Head, Chairperson

COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Tax and Fiscal Policy, to which was referred Senate Bill No. 420, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill be AMENDED as follows:

Page 2, line 34, delete "The term refers" and insert "**The filing date** is **May 15.**".

Page 2, delete lines 35 through 39.

Page 5, line 27, delete "year that ends" and insert "year,".

Page 5, delete line 28.

Page 5, line 29, delete "begins after December 31, 2016,".

Page 5, line 37, delete "June 1" and insert "June 15".

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to SB 420 as printed January 24, 2014.)

HERSHMAN, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 8, Nays 0.



COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Ways and Means, to which was referred Senate Bill 420, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 1, delete lines 1 through 10, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 1. IC 6-1.1-1-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 2. "Assessment date" means

- (1) March 1 for all tangible property except mobile homes, as defined in IC 6-1.1-7-1.
- (2) January 15 for mobile homes as defined in IC 6-1.1-7-1. the date on which tangible property is assessed and valued for purposes of collecting ad valorem property taxes imposed for that date. The term refers to the date specified in IC 6-1.1-2-1.5.".

Page 9, delete lines 5 through 28, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 11. IC 6-1.1-4-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.112-2012, SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 9. In order to maintain a just and equitable valuation of real property, the department of local government finance may adopt a resolution declaring its belief that it is necessary to reassess all or a portion of the real property located within this state. If the department of local government finance adopts a reassessment resolution and if either a township or a larger area is involved (for assessments before March 1, 2015) January 1, 2016) or one (1) or more groups of parcels under the county's reassessment plan are involved (for assessments after February 28, 2015), December 31, **2015).** the department shall hold a hearing concerning the necessity for the reassessment at the courthouse of the county in which the property is located. The department of local government finance shall give notice of the time and place of the hearing in the manner provided in section 10 of this chapter. After the hearing, or if the area involved is less than a township (for assessments before March 1, 2015) January 1, 2016) or is less than one (1) group of parcels under the county's reassessment plan (for assessments after February 28, 2015), December 31, 2015), after the adoption of the resolution of the department of local government finance, the department may order any reassessment it deems necessary. The order shall specify the time within which the reassessment must be completed and the date the reassessment will become effective.".



Page 23, delete lines 29 through 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 26. IC 6-1.1-17-5.6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.119-2012, SECTION 31, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5.6. (a) For budget years beginning before July 1, 2011, this section applies only to a school corporation that is located in a city having a population of more than one hundred thousand (100,000) but less than one hundred ten thousand (110,000). For budget years beginning after June 30, 2011, this section applies to all school corporations. Beginning in 2011, each school corporation may elect to adopt a budget under this section that applies from July 1 of the year through June 30 of the following year. In the initial budget adopted by a school corporation under this section, the first six (6) months of that initial budget must be consistent with the last six (6) months of the budget adopted by the school corporation for the calendar year in which the school corporation elects by resolution to begin adopting budgets that correspond to the state fiscal year. A corporation shall submit a copy of the resolution to the department of local government finance and the department of education not more than thirty (30) days after the date the governing body adopts the resolution.

- (b) Before February April 1 of each year, the officers of the school corporation shall meet to fix the budget for the school corporation for the ensuing budget year, with notice given by the same officers. However, if a resolution adopted under subsection (d) is in effect, the officers shall meet to fix the budget for the ensuing budget year before November 1.
- (c) Each year, at least two (2) days before the first meeting of the county board of tax adjustment held under IC 6-1.1-29-4, the school corporation shall file with the county auditor:
 - (1) a statement of the tax rate and tax levy fixed by the school corporation for the ensuing budget year;
 - (2) two (2) copies of the budget adopted by the school corporation for the ensuing budget year; and
 - (3) any written notification from the department of local government finance under section 16(i) of this chapter that specifies a proposed revision, reduction, or increase in the budget adopted by the school corporation for the ensuing budget year.

Each year the county auditor shall present these items to the county board of tax adjustment at the board's first meeting under IC 6-1.1-29-4.

(d) The governing body of the school corporation may adopt a



resolution to cease using a school year budget year and return to using a calendar year budget year. A resolution adopted under this subsection must be adopted after January 1 and before July 1. The school corporation's initial calendar year budget year following the adoption of a resolution under this subsection begins on January 1 of the year following the year the resolution is adopted. The first six (6) months of the initial calendar year budget for the school corporation must be consistent with the last six (6) months of the final school year budget fixed by the department of local government finance before the adoption of a resolution under this subsection.

(e) A resolution adopted under subsection (d) may be rescinded by a subsequent resolution adopted by the governing body. If the governing body of the school corporation rescinds a resolution adopted under subsection (d) and returns to a school year budget year, the school corporation's initial school year budget year begins on July 1 following the adoption of the rescinding resolution and ends on June 30 of the following year. The first six (6) months of the initial school year budget for the school corporation must be consistent with the last six (6) months of the last calendar year budget fixed by the department of local government finance before the adoption of a rescinding resolution under this subsection.

SECTION 27. An emergency is declared for this act.".

Delete page 24.

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to SB 420 as printed January 29, 2014.)

BROWN T, Chair

Committee Vote: yeas 16, nays 0.

